

Please note: Question 6 (marked with an asterisk) should be handed in as part of **Assignment 3**, due by **noon on Friday 29 October (end Week 12)**.

- For each of the following processes, where Z_t is white noise, express the model using the backward shift operator notation B and determine whether the process is stationary and/or invertible:

(a) $Y_t = Z_t - 1.3Z_{t-1} + 0.4Z_{t-2}$

(b) $Y_t = 0.5Y_{t-1} + Z_t - 1.3Z_{t-1} + 0.4Z_{t-2}$

(c) $Y_t + 0.6Y_{t-1} = Z_t + 1.2Z_{t-1}$.

Express each ARMA process as a general linear process.

- For the MA(2) process

$$Y_t = Z_t + 0.5Z_{t-1} - 0.25Z_{t-2}$$

find the autocorrelation function. Is this process invertible?

- Show that the AR(2) process

$$Y_t = Y_{t-1} + cY_{t-2} + Z_t$$

is stationary provided $-1 < c < 0$. Find the autocorrelation function when $c = -3/16$.

- Show that the AR(3) process

$$Y_t = Y_{t-1} + cY_{t-2} - cY_{t-3} + Z_t$$

is non-stationary for all values of c .

- Show that the autocorrelation function of the ARMA(1,1) process

$$Y_t = \alpha Y_{t-1} + Z_t + \beta Z_{t-1}$$

is given by

$$\begin{aligned} \rho_1 &= \frac{(1 + \alpha\beta)(\alpha + \beta)}{(1 + \beta^2 + 2\alpha\beta)} \\ \rho_k &= \alpha\rho_{k-1} \quad \text{for } k = 2, 3, \dots \end{aligned}$$

6. * Let $\{Y_t\}$ be the second-order autoregressive process defined by

$$Y_t = 0.3Y_{t-1} + 0.1Y_{t-2} + Z_t.$$

- (a) Demonstrate that $\{Y_t\}$ is a stationary process, stating the rule for stationarity.
- (b) Write down the Yule-Walker equations for this process.
- (c) Show that the autocorrelation function of this AR(2) process is given by

$$\rho_k = 0.7619(0.5)^k + 0.2381(-0.2)^k,$$

for $k = 1, 2, \dots$

Patty Solomon
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