## Lie Algebras IV 2009

## Assignment 3. Due Wednesday 20th May 2009

1. Let *V* be an *L*-module and *V*<sup>\*</sup> the dual space of *V*. If  $x \in L$  and  $\xi \in V^*$  define  $x\xi$  by  $(x\xi)(v) = -\xi(xv)$  for all  $v \in V$ . Show that this makes *V*<sup>\*</sup> into an *L*-module.

2. Let *L* be a Lie algebra.

- (a) Let *V* be an *L*-module. If  $g \in GL(V)$  show that defining  $x \star v = gxg^{-1}v$  makes *V* into a (new) *L*-module. Denote this *L* module by  $V_g$  and show that it is isomorphic to *V*. Note that  $V_g$  is obviously the same space as *V* it is just the action of *L* which is different.
- (b) Consider the map  $\chi: sl(2, \mathbb{C}) \to gl(2, \mathbb{C})$  defined by

<i>x</i> (	a	b	)	[ –a	-c
	C C	d	) =	$\lfloor -b$	-d

Show that this defines a representation of  $sl(2, \mathbb{C})$  which is isomorphic to the defining representation of  $sl(2, \mathbb{C})$  on  $\mathbb{C}^2$ . This means show that the two *L*-module structures on  $\mathbb{C}^2$  are isomorphic.

3. If *V* is a finite dimensional vector space and *X*, *Y* and *Z* are linear maps from *V* to *V* show that tr([X, Y]Z) = tr(X[Y, Z]).

4. Let *L* be a Lie algebra with Killing form  $\kappa(, )$ . If *I* is an ideal show that

$$I^{\perp} = \{ x \in L \mid \kappa(x, \gamma) = 0 \forall \gamma \in I \}$$

is also an ideal. Don't forget to check that  $I^{\perp}$  is a vector subspace.

5. Consider the three-dimensional Lie algebra *L* defined by [x, y] = z, [x, z] = y and [y, z] = 0. You don't need to prove this is a Lie algebra. Calculate rad(*L*), the Killing form and  $L^{\perp}$ . Hence show that rad(*L*) may not equal  $L^{\perp}$ .

6. Let *L* be a Lie algebra and  $D: L \rightarrow L$  be a derivation. Show that

$$\kappa(D(x), y) + \kappa(x, D(y)) = 0$$

for all  $x, y \in L$  where  $\kappa(, )$  is the Killing form. You may need a formula from Lecture 3 relating ad(D(x)), ad(x) and D.

7. Let  $L = sl(2, \mathbb{C})$  the Lie algebra of all  $2 \times 2$  traceless matrices. By calculation show that (x, y) = tr(xy) is a constant multiple of the Killing form  $\kappa(x, y)$  and find the constant.